



The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, And Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Proportion to the City's Population.

BRITISH ARE HOLDING THEIR NEW POSITIONS

Crown Prince Rupprecht Has Hurdled Counter Attacks, But the British Have Withstood Them

BERLIN ADMITS GERMANS LOST SOME DEFENSES

The British Losses in the Assault Thursday Are Said to Have Been Light—On the Southern End of the Western Front the German Crown Prince Has Suffered Severe Losses in an Unsuccessful Attack on Mount Haut, in Champagne—There Has Been No Marked Fighting Activity on the Other Fronts.

The opposing armies still are busy on the North Sea to Switzerland in the west, from the Baltic to the Black Sea in the east, in Macedonia and in the Austro-Italian mountains to the Adriatic. Except in Flanders, however, the activity is not intense.

Field Marshal Haig has made complete his latest success and his men are holding tight to the new positions taken from the Germans on Thursday. Crown Prince Rupprecht hurled counter-attacks against the new British lines but the British held on firmly to their gains. Berlin officially admits that the British effort was successful and that the Germans were forced to evacuate some of their defenses in the vital Ypres salient, but it attempts to minimize the importance of the advance. The British losses in the assault are reported to have been light.

GOVERNMENT PLAN TO PREVENT INDUSTRIAL EVILS

To Discourage Employers From Enticing Workmen From Other Plants

Washington, Sept. 21.—The first indication that the government plans systematic action to discourage employers from enticing workmen from other plants, thus preventing industrial evils caused by large floating populations, came today in an announcement by Chairman Hurley of the federal shipping board, that conferences of shipbuilders would be called soon to frame voluntary agreements on the subject.

Labor disputes in Pacific coast shipyards, causing suspension of the government building program, constitute the immediate reason for this course. Application of the principle to other industries in all parts of the country has been considered, however, by officials who have observed the serious possibilities arising out of competition of employers for workmen in war industries. It is considered certain that if shipbuilders agree not to bid against rival companies for workmen, similar agreements in other industries.

DOCUMENTS BEARING ON THE KING MYSTERY

Three Trunkfuls Are Being Taken From New York to Concord, N. C.

New York, Sept. 21.—With three trunkfuls of documents found here and accompanied by Dr. Otto Schultze, the district attorney's medical expert, and Detective Jones, an expert of the police department, Assistant District Attorney Dooling left today for Concord, N. C., to co-operate with the authorities there in the investigation of the mysterious shooting at Concord on August 29 of Mrs. Maude A. King. A telegram was received by the district attorney from the district attorney there, asking that "the most pertinent documentary evidence be sent with Dooling. The documents were for the most part found in the apartments here of Gaston B. Means, Mrs. King's business advisor.

Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN TO RAISE \$35,000,000 BY JULY 1

To Carry On the 'Vast War Work' Both at Home and Abroad.

New York, Sept. 21.—A campaign to raise \$35,000,000 by July 1, 1918, to carry out the vast war work of the Young Men's Christian Association, both at home and abroad, was launched at a meeting here today of the National War Work Council of the Association. The first big drive to secure contributions will be made November 11 to 19, which has been designated as "national campaign week." National, department and state campaign committees will be named to assist in the effort.

NEW HAVEN TO FIGHT TROLLEY FARE ADVANCE

Mayor Campner Has Called a Special Meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 21.—Mayor Samuel Campner today issued a call for a special meeting of the board of aldermen to be held on the night of September 24 to consider action on the proposed raise in trolley fares to six cents by the Connecticut Company. Local labor organizations are coming coming forward with a strong voice and it is expected that the chamber of commerce will also take some action.

16 NURSES TO WORK FOR INFANT WELFARE IN FRANCE

To Reduce Death Rate Among Children Under Two Years of Age.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The American Red Cross announced today that Dr. Charles Ulysses Moore, of Portland, Oregon, with sixteen specially trained nurses, had been sent to France to reinforce the infant welfare unit now working there in an effort to reduce the high death rate among children under two years of age.

Argentina Ready Austria Commends to Enter World War Pope's Peace Plan

RE AROUSED BY NEW DEVELOPMENTS REPLY HANDED TO PAPAL Nuncio AT VIENNA

SEND TROOPS ABROAD A BASIS FOR PARLEYS

It is Known That Emperor William Has Approved the "Loyalty" of Count von Luxburg.

Emperor Charles Hopes Nations Opposing His Own Will Regard the Proposals as a Basis for Negotiations.

GERMANS TRIED TO ESTRANGE AMERICA AND JAPAN

Vicecount Ichi Says the Zimmerman Note Gave Japan a Clue.

Washington, Sept. 21.—German intrigue and propaganda, cleverly adapted to the present situation, is a full understanding between America and Japan, Vicecount Ichi, head of the Japanese Mission to the United States, declared in an address here tonight at the National Press Club. The Zimmerman note to Mexico involving Japan gave a clue to the secret agencies at work to pass the east and the west, the vicecount said, but even the noise of this diplomatic "blunder" by Berlin gave a check only for a time.

"I am confident that some day, and I sincerely trust the day is not far distant, the eyes of all men who honestly endeavor to present the truth will be opened and that the truth about Japan and America will be revealed to all the world, the vicecount said. When that day comes you and all men will know how cleverly the work of deception has been carried on and how long we have listened to lies about the ambitions and the ideals of the east and the west.

Worked to Create Distrust

"For more than ten years a propaganda has been carried on in this country, in Japan and in fact throughout the world for the one and sole purpose of keeping nations of the Far East and Far West as far apart as possible, to create distrust, suspicion and unkindly feeling, all in order that Germany might secure advantage in the confusion.

"Not only was the world flooded with tales of Japan's military aspirations and Japan's duplicity. Have these been borne out by history? Even now the German publicists, agents, whisperers in your ear and then in mine, to the accompaniment of appeals to the human heart, he tells me stories of your duplicity and to you of mine.

German Agents Still at Work

"These agents have been supplied with unlimited resources. No wonder we have been deceived. A short time ago a bad blunder was made. This Zimmerman note to Mexico, involving Japan, was a blunder. It made such a noise that we were disturbed in our slumbers and so were you. This was a check for a time, but since then the agents have been hard at work, they were at work yesterday and they are at work today. Every prejudice, every sympathy, every available argument has been appealed to and used to lead you and your people and to our what a cunning enemy we have in the other, and how much dependent we are upon the future friendship, support and good will of Germany.

Not a Good Thing to Expect

"I do not expect to say anything about the object of my mission in reply to suggestions that I am to make a speech in your city. After a meeting of the ministry this afternoon it was announced that the government was prepared to take steps to continue in the view of certain new developments.

A high official declared that these measures probably would include an immediate declaration of war against Germany, to be followed by the despatch of troops to Europe.

KAISER APPROVED "LOYALTY" OF COUNT VON LUXBURG

News to That Effect Has Been Received in Buenos Aires.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 21.—News to the effect that Emperor William had expressed his approval of the loyalty displayed by Count von Luxburg, the dismissed German minister, was received here just before the opening of the session of the Argentine congress today on the resolution declaring a rupture of relations between Argentina and Germany. This was looked upon in some quarters as likely to hasten materially the decision in favor of a break.

Approval of the Resolution by the Deputies Before Night was Predicted

"The Chinese probably could reach France by January 1. An abundant number of fairly trained soldiers is immediately available for the expedition. The premier is in favor of sending 300,000 men to France. The cabinet are heartily in support of the plan in the event that the Canton provisional government gives its approval of the plan with Germany.

The Chinese soldiers probably will be used as a second line force in France until they are better trained in the methods of war.

GENERAL BLISS IS TO SUCCEED GENERAL SCOTT

As Chief of Staff of the American Army—Latter Reaches Retirement Age.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Major General Tasker H. Bliss today was named chief of staff of the army to succeed Major General Hugh L. Scott, who retired from office tomorrow.

General Scott, who is 64 years old, has reached the age of retirement but he will be immediately called to active service. Secretary Baker said that for the present the general would be assigned to duty in connection with the training of troops in the United States.

JURY DISAGREED IN SEATTLE CONSPIRACY CASE

Fail to Convict Men Who Have Been Active in Labor Troubles.

Seattle, Sept. 21.—After deliberating seventeen hours, jurors in a seditious conspiracy case reported today to Judge Jeremiah Neterer, in the United States district court that they were unable to agree upon a verdict as to Hulet M. Wells, former president of the Seattle Central Labor council and Emanuel Sadler, Aaron Fieslerman, the third defendant, was found not guilty.

WOMAN ROBBED BY A HIGHWAYMAN IN MERIDEN

Knocked Down in the Center of the City at 6:15 Last Night.

Meriden, Conn., Sept. 21.—A woman was knocked down and robbed in the center of the city at 6:15 o'clock last night. Alex Rusk, who, it is alleged, was in an intoxicated condition, approached Mrs. Stella Kurtz, threw her to the ground by the rear of her head and wrested \$5 she was carrying in her hand. There were people on the street at the time and a grocery clerk intervened. Rusk was arrested later and is charged with intoxication, theft from person and assault.

Condensed Telegrams German Intrigue in Neutral Lands

There are 139 cases of infantile paralysis in Chicago.

A contingent of American civilian physicians arrived at London.

Harvard students will have to pay more for their food this year.

The United States this year is spending money almost ten times as fast as last year.

The unarmed American schooner Ann J. Trainer was sunk. The crew of seven men were saved.

Thirty-four persons were killed and 24 injured in an explosion in a munition factory at Cologne.

Ralph Lane, a lumber merchant of Yonkers, was fined \$150 for driving an auto while intoxicated.

A campaign for the Americanization of the foreign population of Boston was opened by the Home Guard.

Cardinal Gibbons offered to contribute some of his books for the benefit of libraries at army cantonments.

Octavio Flore, a Mexican resident of Lowell, Mass., was shot for waving an American flag from an automobile.

Two thousand five hundred carrier pigeons were assembled in Fort Wood, N. Y., for war duty abroad.

The German war loan campaign has opened in Holland, urging German residents to buy German bonds.

An increase of \$7,154,377 in savings bank deposits in New Hampshire as compared with the 12 months previous is reported.

Federal authorities from Milwaukee seized the wireless outfit of A. P. Gallun at his summer home, on Pine Lake, Wis.

Capt. Bernier, Canadian explorer, who left for the Arctic region in July, 1916, reached Quebec from the far North.

Brig-Gen. George Duncan and Maj. Charles K. Smith, of the American army, were awarded the Croix de Guerre.

An increase in the per capita tax on the members from 14 to 20 cents was declared by the Lady Foresters of America.

A settlement was reached which will permit the striking longshoremen to return to work at the Chelsea piers, New York.

Mrs. Mary Somers, of Manchester, N. H., was indicted for the murder of her husband, Frank Somers, who was shot on August 9.

Lach Caruso, 55 years old, was drowned at Branford yesterday afternoon when he was pulled overboard by an anchor rope.

Pasquale Granese, alleged murderer of William Deady, who died at a Waterbury hospital, is held at the police station without bonds.

United States infantrymen are patrolling the street in the vicinity of Astoria's three shipyards and two big Hammond Co. mills at Astoria, Ore.

Only four French vessels were sunk, the week ending September 19, by German submarines or mines. Two of these vessels were over 1,600 tons, and two less.

George Artess, the world's champion double somersault jumper, was awarded \$2,000 in his suit against the Film Co. He was injured in a thirty foot fall.

Twenty-five coal mines at Clarksburg, W. Va., were compelled to close within a week because the operators were unable to mine and sell coal for \$2 a ton.

Thirty-six soldiers from Camp Mills were caught by military police in a cemetery changing clothes and they could quench their thirst whenever they felt dry.

The American steamer Susana, previously reported sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean, has arrived safely at a foreign port, according to cable advice.

Mayor Mitchell will officiate next Monday at the cornerstone laying for the new dormitories and two infirmaries of the city's institution for the feeble minded on Randall's Island.

The identity of a Russian found dead in Waterbury with bullet wounds in his body on Wednesday had not been established by the police last night. The body was buried yesterday.

General Lewis T. Bryant, New Jersey State Commissioner of Labor, announced the formation of a new bureau in his department, to be known as the negro welfare and employment bureau.

Ten thousand Great Lake sailors are voting on a resolution to strike, October 1, if the Lake Carriers' Association refuse to extend the provision of the Atlantic agreement to the lakes.

The Sound Transit Company has suspended operation of the ferry service between New Rochelle and Sea Cliff, L. I. for the season. The ferry between Rye and Sea Cliff will continue.

Frank A. Palmer, formerly treasurer of a mail company in Boston, was given a fourth months' jail sentence by Judge Morton in the United States district court for using the mails to defraud.

Mayor Mitchell was the guest of honor and the principal speaker at a luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin, given under the auspices of the Women's Committee of 100 for the Nonpartisan City Government.

Lieut. Col. George F. Baker, chairman of the American Red Cross Commission to Italy, returned to Rome from a visit to the Italian front where he traveled the distance from the Carso to the Trentino.

George G. Hall, proprietor of the Adams House, Boston, died last night of injuries received at Portsmouth Friday when his carriage was struck by an electric express car of the Bay State Street Railway.

Representative William C. Adamson of Georgia, chairman of the House Interstate Foreign Commerce Committee, was nominated by the president to be general appraiser of merchandise for the port of New York.

Capt. Hans Rintelen, member of Von Treppe's staff, who was imprisoned in Atlanta charged with conspiracy to stop exportations of war materials to the Allies, was brought to New York for trial on other indictments.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The American government's publicity spotlight revealing German intrigue in neutral lands turned today upon the expenditure of money by the Berlin foreign office in an effort to influence Congress on the eve of the ruthless submarine campaign which drove the United States to war.

\$50,000 to Influence Congress

Secretary Lansing made public without comment the text of a message sent by Count Von Bernstorff to Berlin last January, asking authority to use \$50,000 to influence Congress through an organization which the foreign office was reminded had performed similar service before. To supplement this move, Von Bernstorff suggested an official declaration in favor of Ireland for its effect here.

The organization to be employed was not named in the message and Mr. Lansing did not discuss its identity. It was freely suggested among other officials, however, that it was one of the various societies which flooded members of the house and senate with peace messages when President Wilson was asking that a state of war be proclaimed.

World-Wide German Intrigue.

This disclosure adds another chapter to the amazing story begun with the publication of the famous Zimmerman note in which Germany proposed an alliance with Mexico against the United States and which has included the German-Swedish breaches of neutrality in Argentina and Mexico. It connects the German government and Count Von Bernstorff directly and conclusively with machinations which the American public had assumed was a German plot against the United States and which many people firmly believed were carried on in this country by German agents without actual authority from Berlin.

Members of Congress Indignant

Little surprise was occasioned either in official circles or at the capital, although members of congress were highly indignant. There was some talk at the capitol of demanding an investigation and Senator Overman, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, arranged to go to the state department to ask and for further information.

Reflection on Members of Congress

On the floor of the house, Representative Hefflin of Alabama asserted that he could name thirteen or fourteen members of congress who had acted seditiously and expressed the opinion that they should be investigated. Generally, however, the disposition was to regard as absurd any suggestion that any part of the \$50,000 sought by Von Bernstorff was intended for members of congress.

Bernstorff's Message.

The Von Bernstorff message, dated January 22, follows:

"I request the authority to pay up to \$50,000 in order, as on former occasions, to influence congress through the organization you know which might lead to the prevention of war. I am beginning in the meantime to act accordingly. I am trying to make public an official declaration in favor of Ireland which is highly desirable in order to gain the support of the Irish influence here."

This message was sent nine days before the German government proclaimed its unrestricted submarine warfare. When he wrote it Count Von Bernstorff was assuring the American government and press that under no circumstances would Germany violate her pledges of the Sussex case or do anything that might draw the United States into the list of enemies. With the Lusitania and other cases in abeyance, the American government had made no move since the Sussex pledge and there was nothing on the verge to foreshadow impending trouble.

Two weeks later, when Von Bernstorff was handed his passports, he promised to renounce all previous knowledge of his government's intentions to throw its promises to the winds.